concern, We have thought fit to sumon you to the Senate of Our said Dominion; and We do command you, that all difficulties and excuses whatsoever laying aside, you be and appear for the purposes aforesaid in the Senate of Our said Dominion, at all times whatsoever and wheresoever Our Parliament may be in Our said Dominion convoked and holden: and this you are in no wise to omit.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, Our Right Trusty and Well-Beloved the Right Honourable Sir Frederick Arthur Stanley, Baron Stanley of Preston, in the County of Lancaster, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom; Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor-General of Canada. At Our Government House, in Our City of Ottawa, in Our Dominion of Canada, this Twenty-eighth day of November, in the Year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-two, and in the Fifty-sixth Year of Our Reign.

By Command,

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, Canada.

Whereupon the Honourable Mr. Primrose came to the Table and took and subscribed the Oath prescribed by Law, which was administered by Edouard Joseph Langevin, Esquire, one of the Commissioners appointed for that purpose, and took his seat accordingly.

The Honourable the Speaker then acquainted the House that the Clerk of the Senate had laid upon the Table the Certificate of one of the Commissioners setting forth that the Honourable Mr. Primrose, a Member of the Senate, had made and subscribed the Declaration of Qualification required by the British North America Act, 1867.

The Honourable the Speaker presented to the House, a communication from the Governor-General's Secretary.

The same was then read by the Clerk, and it is as follows:—

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 24th January, 1893.

Sir,—I have the honour to inform you that His Excellency the Governor-General will proceed to the Senate Chamber, to open the Session of the Dominion Parliament, on Thursday, the 26th instant, at 3 o'clock p.m.

I have the honour to be, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
J. SY. AUBYN, Major,
Governor-General's Secretary.

The Honourable
The Speaker of the Senate.

The House was adjourned during pleasure.
After some time the House was resumed.

His Excellency the Right Honourable Sir Frederick Arthur Stanley, Baron Stanley of Preston, in the County of Lancaster, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor-General of Canada, being seated in the Chair on the Throne.

The Honourable the Speaker commanded the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod to proceed to the House of Commons and acquaint that House,—"It is His Excellency's pleasure they attend him immediately in this House."
Who being come with their Speaker,
His Excellency the Governor General was then pleased to open the Session by a gracious Speech to both Houses.

Honourable Gentlemen of the Senate:
Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

In meeting you at the commencement of another session of Parliament, it affords me pleasure to congratulate you on the continued progress which the history of the past year unfolds with regard to Canada.

The increase in trade, as illustrated by the exports and imports during the period for which the official returns have been prepared, has been most gratifying, and that increase has continued down to the present time, with promise that the volume of trade during the current year will exceed that of any year in the history of the Dominion.

The revenues of the country have likewise provided for all the services for which Parliament has made appropriation, and the operation of the Government railways has been less burdensome, as regards the difference between income and expenditure, than has been the case for a long term of years previously.

In Manitoba and the North-west Territories the increase in immigration has been decidedly encouraging; both as regards the number of persons who have come from other countries and as regards the number of homestead entries made by settlers of all nationalities.

Measures have been taken to carry into effect the agreements arrived at with the United States on the subjects of the boundary of Alaska, the boundary line in Passamaquoddy Bay, and the prevention of destructive methods of fishing and the preservation and increase of fish life. With regard to reciprocity in wrecking and towing, a correspondence has taken place which indicates that privileges are demanded for United States vessels in Canadian canals, which were not anticipated, but it is not impossible that a satisfactory conclusion of the discussion may yet be reached.

During the recess a friendly conference took place between delegates from my Government and from the Government of Newfoundland on the questions which were pending between the two countries. It is hoped and expected that the interchange of views which then took place will be productive of beneficial results and lead to an amicable adjustment of those questions.

The Statutes of 1887 relative to a Department of Trade and Commerce and to the office of Solicitor-General having been brought into force, the appointments were made which were contemplated by these Acts.

It is to be regretted that the Government of the United States were unable to accept the suggestions made by my Government on the subject of canal tolls, and that the President should have thought it necessary to impose exceptional tolls on Canadians using the Sault Sainte Marie Canal, which has so long been free to the people of both countries. My Government, while ready to consider in a friendly spirit any proposals which may be made by the Government of the United States, have caused efforts to be made to hasten the completion of the Canadian canal works, which will soon afford to the commerce of the Dominion a highway within our own country.

Measures will be laid before you for the improvement of the Franchise Act, for the amendment of the laws relating to the Civil Service, and the superannuation of civil servants, for regulating the admission of evidence in causes and matters under the control of the Parliament of Canada, for extending the system of voting by ballot to the North-west Territories, and for simplifying the laws relating to lands and land transfers in the Territories.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

The Public Accounts of the past year and the Estimates for the ensuing year will be laid before you without delay, and I trust it will be seen that ample provision may be made for the public service without increasing taxation.
Honourable Gentlemen of the Senate:

Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

I have every confidence that all these matters will receive your best attention and that your deliberations will keep in view, above all other considerations, the welfare and stability of the country.

His Excellency the Governor-General was pleased to retire, and the House of Commons withdrew.

The Honourable Mr. Bowell, Minister of Trade and Commerce, presented to the House, a Bill intituled: "An Act relating to Railways."

The said Bill was read for the first time.

The Honourable the Speaker reported His Excellency's Speech from the Throne, and the same was then read by the Clerk.

On motion of the Honourable Mr. Bowell, seconded by the Honourable Mr. Angers, it was

Ordered, That the House do take into consideration the Speech of His Excellency the Governor-General, on Monday next.

On motion of the Honourable Mr. Bowell, seconded by the Honourable Mr. Angers, it was

Ordered, That all the Members present during this Session be appointed a Committee to consider the Orders and Customs of this House and Privileges of Parliament, and that the said Committee have leave to meet in this House, when and as often as they please.

The Honourable Mr. Bowell moved, seconded by the Honourable Mr. Angers,

That when the House adjours this day it do stand adjourned until Monday next, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

The question of concurrence being put thereon, the same was resolved in the affirmative, and

Ordered, accordingly.

Then, on motion of the Honourable Mr. Bowell, seconded by the Honourable Mr. Angers,

The House adjourned until Monday next, at three o'clock in the afternoon.