

cient system of administration; through broadening and modernizing the curriculum; through extending the principle of free education; through the widening of the scholarship plan.

(b)—Adequate salary schedules for teachers.

7—ECONOMIC COUNCIL

To provide the government with the data necessary to the furtherance of its program, the recent research work of the Economic

Survey Board will be followed by:

(a)—An investigation into the distribution of the wealth produced in Manitoba.

(b)—An enquiry into the best means of utilizing Manitoba's vast natural resources for the benefit of the people.

(c)—Development of ways and means to extend existing social services in order to give social security to all.

VOTE CCF

IN WINNIPEG

Vote CCF - Labor

Look for the following names on your ballot and mark them

1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 in order of your choice:

FARMER, S. J. KNOWLES, Stanley H.

GRAY, M. A. QUEEN, John

IVENS, WM. SIMPKIN, James

ELECTION DATE, TUESDAY, APRIL 22nd

POLLS OPEN 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.

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Co-operative Commonwealth Federation

Provincial Election Platform

For information apply to
CCF PROVINCIAL HEADQUARTERS,
810 Confederation Life Building,
Winnipeg, Man. Telephone 97 066

The C.C.F. in Manitoba

While it is true that the great social changes needed in this country cannot be made exclusively by a provincial government, it is equally true that progressive measures to a much greater extent than have yet been effected are within the powers of a provincial legislature. The CCF stands for the using of these powers to make immediate improvements in the conditions of our people, and to lay plans for post-war reconstruction.

Following is the CCF Provincial Platform as adopted at the last CCF Provincial Convention:

The CCF, when elected to power in Manitoba, will, to the full extent of provincial jurisdiction, proceed immediately to legislate as follows, as a basis of a program of social planning, in order that by organized, co-operative effort the fullest possible measure of security and well-being shall be assured to all. Where necessary, representations will be made to the Federal Government for enabling legislation to make possible the full intent of the following proposals.

1—AGRICULTURE

- (a)—Social ownership of monopolistic processing industries, to eliminate exploitation of farmers and consumers.
- (b)—Aggressive, constructive promotion of, and assistance to, producer and consumer co-operatives.
- (c)—By increasing the people's purchasing power, develop a much greater home market for farm produce.
- (d)—Security of tenure assured by a crop failure clause in all land contracts, by compensation for equities in case of unavoidable foreclosures; by continuation of the Debt Adjustment Act until the Land Court has been established with full powers; by an immediate follow-up of the crop insurance enquiry with the

object of establishing a state system of crop insurance.

2—LABOR AND UNEMPLOYMENT

Labor

Consolidation and extension of all labor legislation in a Labor Code, to establish:

- (a)—The workers' right to combine in unions of their own choice and to negotiate with employers on the principle of collective bargaining.
- (b)—Fair wage rates and working conditions in all industry.
- (c)—Progressive reduction in hours of labor without reduction in income.
- (d)—Application of the Workman's Compensation Act to all injuries and occupational diseases in all industries.

Note: Provision of the first three sections of the Agricultural Program will also benefit industrial workers and other town dwellers. The Security of Tenure Provisions, where applicable, will also cover workers' homes.

Unemployment

- (a)—Decent maintenance of the unemployed until all who are physically fit are absorbed into industry through reduction of working hours and general im-

provement in consumer purchasing power, or in the government's public works program, such as housing, rural electrification, market roads, etc.

- (b)—Payment of union or fair wage rates on all government work. The present system of work for relief to be abandoned in favor of full time employment.

3—OTHER PRIMARY INDUSTRIES

Manitoba possesses extremely valuable resources in her mines, forests, fisheries, and furs. The CCF will protect the public interest and the living of those engaged in these industries by the setting up of co-operative or publicly owned institutions appropriate to the industry concerned, such as credit facilities, processing plants, and marketing boards.

4—FINANCE

- (a)—Abolition of the wage tax and of other forms of taxation which are levied on those least able to pay.
- (b)—Increased income tax rates on higher incomes; increased succession duties on large estates.
- (c)—Taxation on the enormous wealth drained out of the province by non-residents.
- (d)—Re-establishment of the Provincial Savings Office, with a view to its ultimate status as a provincial bank with full banking powers.

5—HEALTH

A complete system of health services and health insurance.

6—EDUCATION

- (a)—Equal educational opportunity for all, through a more effi-

THE CCF IN THE NON-PARTISAN GOVERNMENT

To remove any confusion or misunderstanding that may exist with regard to the CCF in the Non-Partisan Government we want to make our position clear.

In deciding to co-operate in the new set-up the CCF did not and will not relinquish any of its principles nor its right and privilege to press and work for those principles both in and out of the Legislature. The CCF provincial convention last October decided to co-operate in the non-partisan set-up for the duration of the war because we were prepared to co-operate in any measure that would in any way further the war effort, and to throw in our strength for the adoption of some of the recommendations of the Sirois Report which are in line with what the CCF has advocated for years. We further felt that if our co-operation in any way, shape or form would bring some immediate benefits to agriculture then our co-operation should be given.

The CCF members are, however, more than ever convinced that there is no satisfactory or permanent solution for the agricultural problem, unemployment and the other problems the country is confronted with, under a capitalist economy. The CCF members elected will continue to work harder than ever before to change our whole economy along the lines of the CCF program, but in the meantime they will continue to co-operate in advancing any measure and in supporting any legislation that is in the interests of the people and they will oppose any measure that is not in the interests of the people of Manitoba.