

3000801 BZ

Ontario Health Care Funding

H.J.J000-2-100

Final Report of Quantitative Research

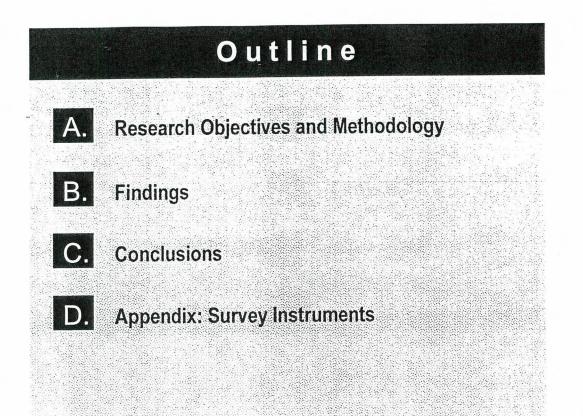
August 25, 2000

Submitted to:

Billie-Jo Bogden Communications Planning and Research Division Communications and Consultation Directorate Health Canada 12th Floor, Brooke Claxton Building Tunney's Pasture Ottawa, ON K1A 0K9

Submitted by:

EKOS Research Associates Inc.



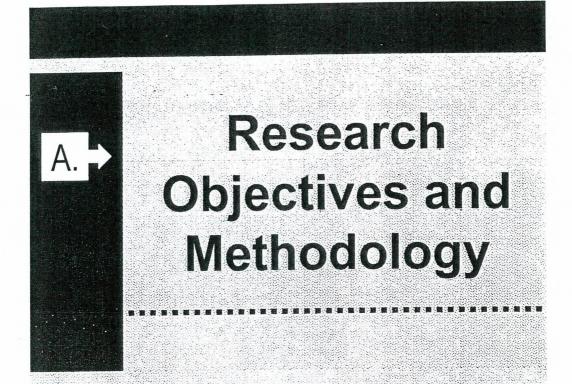
Objectives of the Research

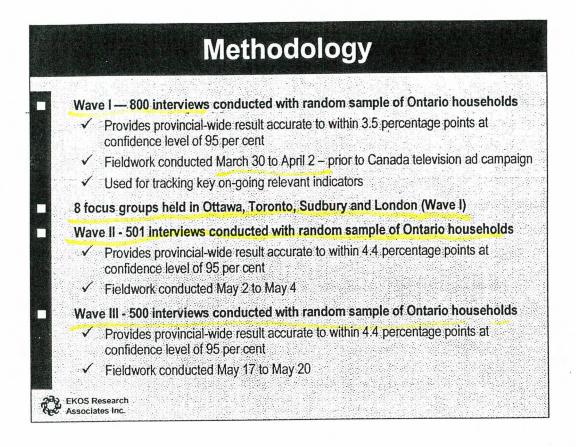
In the context of the public debate on health care funding, and in response to the advertisement campaign launched by the Government of Ontario earlier in the Spring of 2000, the Government of Canada developed and conducted a television advertisement campaign on the issue of health care.

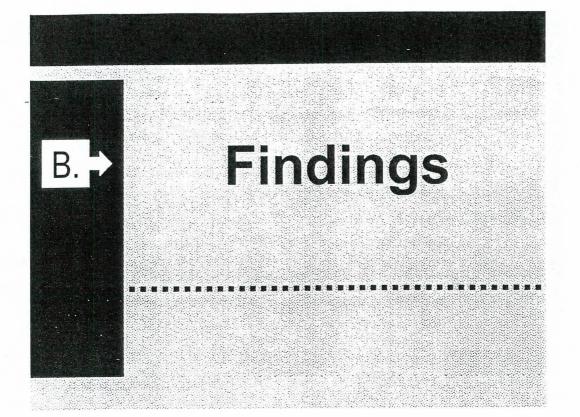
The research was designed and conducted to first measure awareness of the ads in the general public of Ontario and to gauge the public's reaction to the ads. We also examined the public's perceptions and attitudes towards broader health care issues, including:

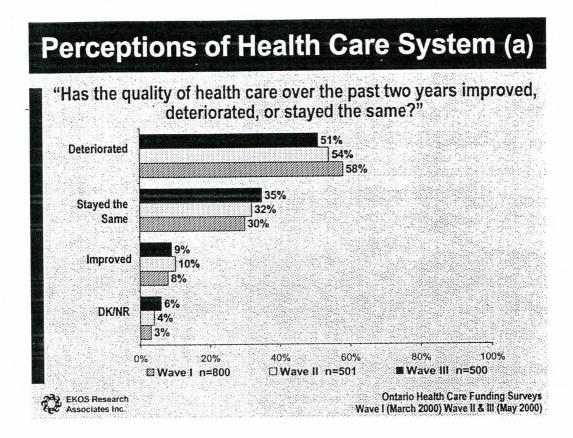
- ✓ funding priorities;
- ✓ the trajectory of the system; and
- ✓ the best approaches to addressing the challenges.

Associates Inc.

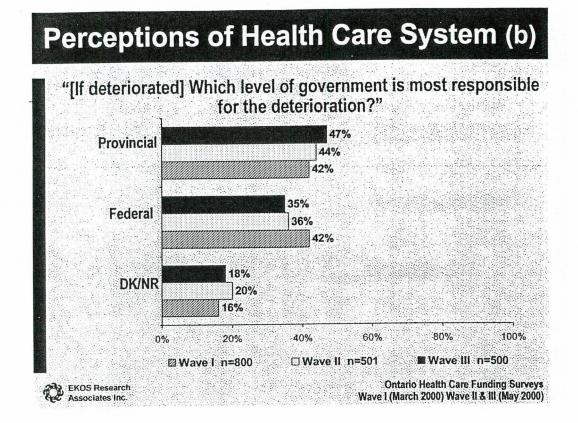




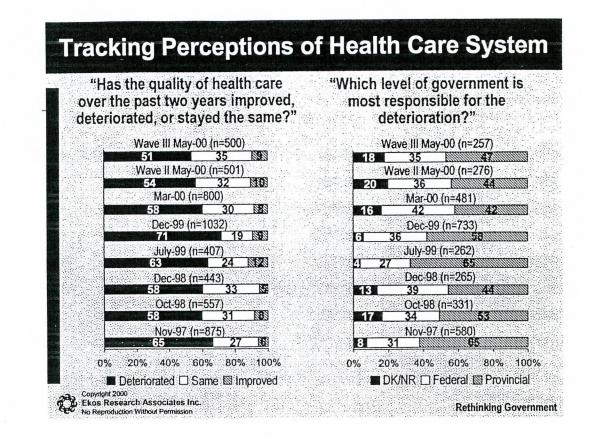




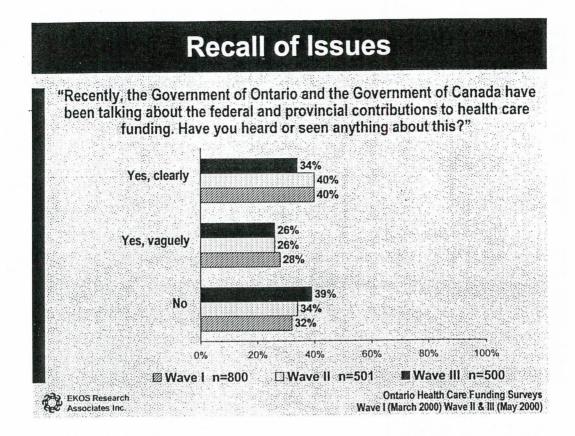
- In the latest wave of the survey, one in two respondents indicate that the health care system has deteriorated over the past two years Over a third (35 per cent) say that the quality of health care has stayed the same, while approximately one in 10 believe it has improved. The level of indecision is relatively low, with only six per cent of respondents unable to offer a response to this question.
- Among the most likely to say that the health care system has deteriorated, we find respondents between the ages of 45 and 64, as well as respondents with an annual household income above \$60,000. Respondents under the age of 25, as well as those over the age of 65, have a greater likelihood of saying that the quality of the health care system has stayed the same over the past two years.
- Immediate recall of health care issues seems to have little or no effect on the propensity to say that the quality of health care has improved or deteriorated. On the other hand, views on the overall state of health care appear to be closely linked to the perceptions about the provincial government's share of health care costs. Respondents who believe that the provincial government's share of health care costs has decreased are more likely to say that the overall quality of the system has deteriorated. The same strong link cannot be made with regards to the federal government's share of health care spending. Respondents who have been exposed to both the Ontario government and the federal government's ads are more likely to say that the quality of health care in Canada has deteriorated over the past few years.
- Over the course of the last few months, there has been a modest shift away from the idea that the quality of the health care system has deteriorated (down from 58 per cent in March) towards the opinion that it has stayed the same (increase of five percentage points). The proportion of respondents who indicate that there has been an improvement in the quality of the health care system over the past two years remains flat, hovering around one in 10 respondents The level of non-response or indecision has increased slightly yet consistently with each successive wave of the survey.



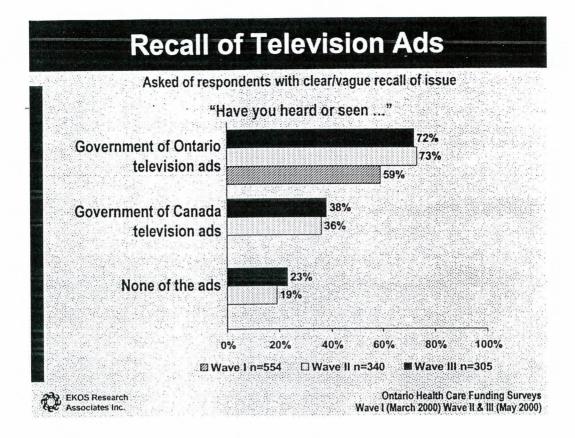
- To follow up with the respondents who believe they have witnessed a deterioration in the quality of health care in Canada, we asked them to determine who is most responsible for this decline. A plurality of respondents point to the provincial government, with slightly more than one in three assigning blame to the federal government and nearly one in five unable to determine or decide which level of government is most responsible for the deterioration.
- Over the course of these three soundings of Ontarians, from an even split between the federal and provincial levels of government in March 2000 (42 per cent each), there has been a significant decline in the proportion of respondents who hold the federal government responsible and a corresponding increase in the level of reproach for the provincial government. Respondents who had seen ads from both campaigns had similar response patterns to this question as those who reported having seen only the Ontario ads. Respondents who have seen neither ad campaign have a much stronger proportion of non-response and indecision when determining whom to hold responsible for the deterioration of the quality of health care.



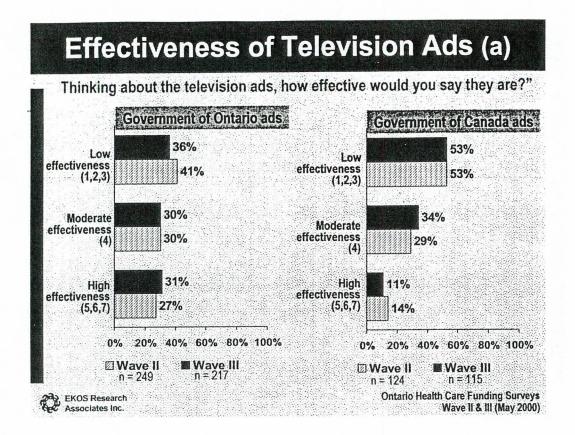
Tracking responses to this question for the past two and a half years, there is a fairly stable pattern, with an overall decline in the number who say that the quality of health care has deteriorated. The share of federal responsibility peaked in March 2000, corresponding with the start of the Ontario ad campaign.



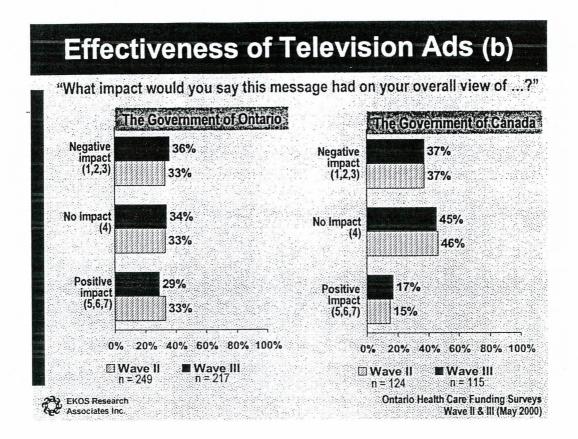
- Recall of the health care funding issue is remarkably high, with six in 10 respondents indicating they have vague (26 per cent) or clear (34 per cent) recall of having heard or seen anything about it.
- The level of recall is highest among men, the 45 to 64 year old age cohort, higher income earners and the university-educated.
- There has been a slight erosion in the overall level of recall in the past few months, from close to seven in 10 expressing clear or vague recall in March to six in 10 respondents at the end of May.



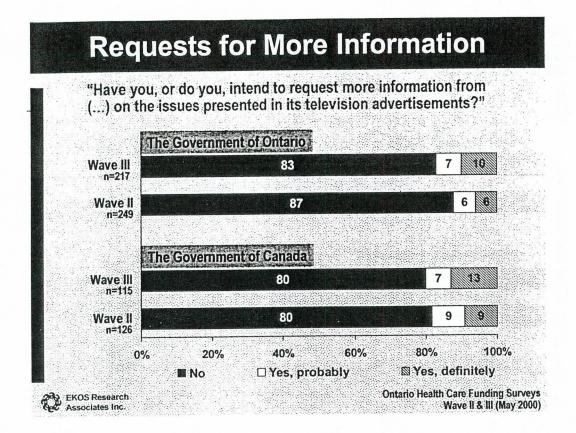
- Nearly three out of four respondents indicate that they have seen or heard the Government of Ontario television ads, and a further 38 per cent indicate having seen the ad produced by the Government of Canada. Nearly all respondents who have seen the federal government's ad have also seen the Ontario government's ads.
- **C** Exposure to the ads is slightly higher among men than among women.



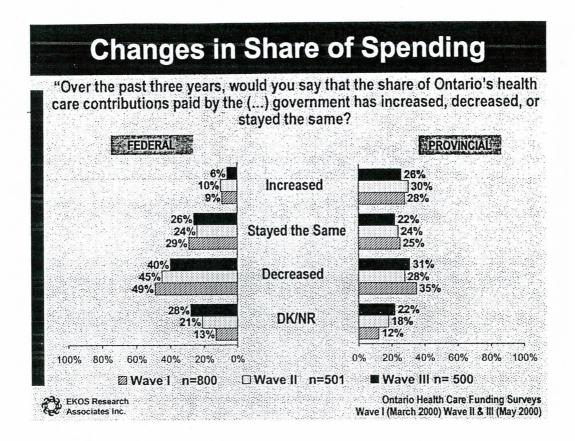
- Results are polarized on the effectiveness of the ad campaign from the Government of Ontario. A slight plurality (36 per cent) give the ads a low effectiveness rating. Respondents with higher levels of education are more likely to rate the ads as highly effective (41 per cent among university-educated).
- Respondents who have seen both the Ontario ads and the federal ads give a less enthusiastic rating to the effectiveness of the Ontario government's ads. The perceived effectiveness of the ads is also linked to the overall attitudes that respondents have about the quality of health care. Respondents who believe that the quality of care has decreased in the past two years are also more likely to say that the effectiveness of the Ontario ads was low.
- □ The overall effectiveness of the Government of Canada's ad campaign on this measure was not rated as highly as the ads from the Government of Ontario. Over the course of the campaign (Wave II to Wave III data), there has even been a slight shift towards a more moderate, rather than a high effectiveness rating. Men are more likely than women to give the federal government's ad campaign a low effectiveness rating.



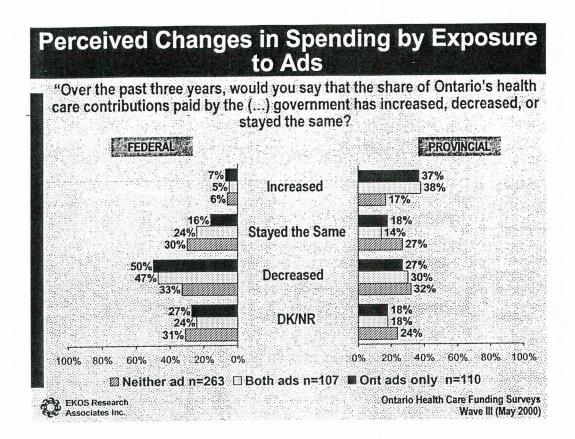
- □ As for the impact of the ad campaign from the Government of Ontario, again results are polarized, with a very slim plurality (36 per cent) indicating that the message had an overall negative impact on their view of the Government of Ontario. Compared to the results from Wave II, Ontario residents were slightly less inclined to say that the ad campaign had a positive impact.
- The ad campaign from the Government of Canada registers a more neutral or unaffected impression, with a strong plurality (45 per cent) indicating the ad campaign had no impact on the overall view of the Government of Canada. In a very similar proportion to the reaction to the Ontario government's ad campaign, 37 per cent indicate that the Government of Canada ad campaign has had a negative impact on their view of the federal government. Very few, less than one in five, find the federal ad campaign had a positive impact on their overall view of the Government of Canada.



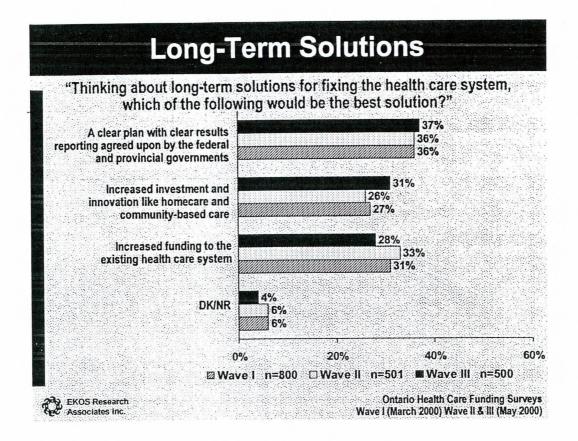
- The greater part of those surveyed indicate that they have no intention of requesting more information from either the Government of Ontario or the Government of Canada on the issues presented in its television advertisements. As exposure to the ads increases over time, respondents indicate that they are slightly more inclined to request information, however that proportion never surpasses one in five respondents.
- □ Women are more likely than men to indicate that they would request further information from the Government of Ontario, as are respondents with annual household incomes between \$20,000 and \$39,000. Respondents with a university-level education are among the least likely to request further information from the Government of Canada.



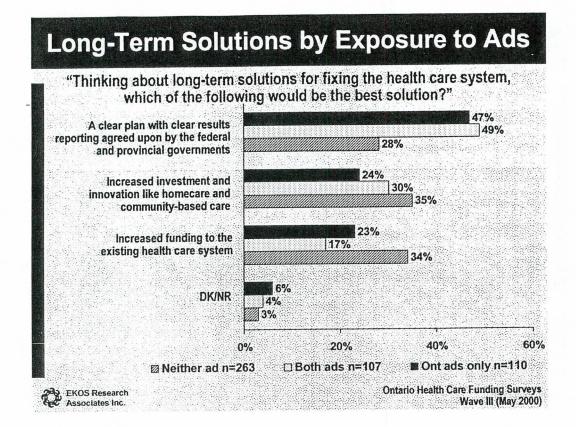
- A plurality of respondents are inclined to say that the share of Ontario's health care contributions paid by either the federal and the provincial government has decreased in the past three years. Approximately one in four believe the contribution levels from the federal and provincial governments have stayed about the same. Respondents are more likely to say that health care contributions have increased at the provincial level (26 per cent) rather than at the federal level (six per cent). A fairly sizeable proportion are unable to say whether the provincial share (22 per cent) or the federal share (28 per cent) has increased or decreased over the past three years.
- What is interesting to note over the successive waves of the survey is the progressive increase in the proportion of respondents who were unable to offer an answer to these questions. At the federal level, the shift is mostly away from those who believe the share of spending has decreased. At the provincial level, the increase in the proportion of non-response occurs at the expense of the proportion who indicate decrease, increase and stayed the same. The gradual increase in the proportion of non-response and uncertainty is quite telling, in light of the diverging messages that are being delivered in the respective campaigns.
- Respondents with a university-level education are among the most likely to indicate that the provincial share of health care spending has increased in the past three years. At the federal level, respondents over the age of 65 are the most likely to believe that the share of spending has increased, while respondents with higher household incomes are more likely to believe that the federal share has decreased.



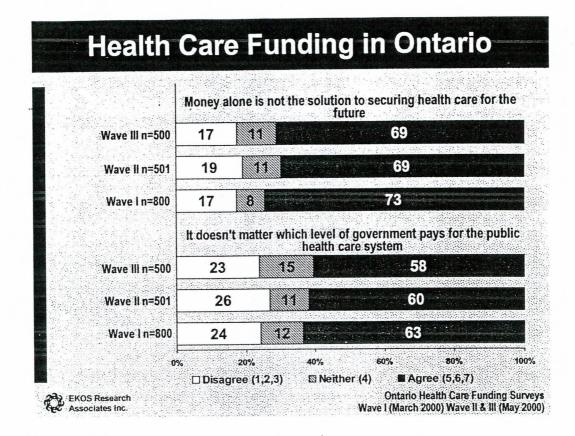
The response patterns to these questions serve to illustrate some of the effects of the advertisement campaigns. Respondents who only saw the Ontario government's ad campaign are far more likely to say that the federal share of contributions has decreased. Conversely, they are also more likely to indicate that the provincial share has increased in the past three years. The strong effect of the Ontario ad campaign persists on those who also saw the federal ad. Because the sample of respondents who only saw the federal ad is very small, we are unable to measure the independent effect of the federal ad, isolated from the impact of the provincial ads. Respondents with no exposure to either ad campaign are more likely to indicate that federal and provincial spending levels have stayed the same.



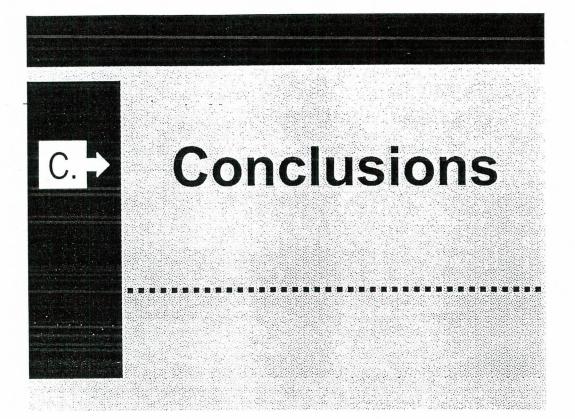
- Respondents are split on the best long-term solutions to fixing the health care system. A plurality (37 per cent) believe the federal and provincial governments should agree upon a clear plan with clear reporting of results. The level of support for that course of action has remained stable over the three waves of the survey.
- In the latest wave of the survey, there is increased support for investment and innovations into the health care system, replacing increased funding to the existing health care system as the second most popular option. Non-response and uncertainty is relatively low at approximately five per cent.
- Men and respondents with higher household incomes are more likely to endorse the clear plan and reporting strategy. Women lean more towards increasing funding to the existing health care system.

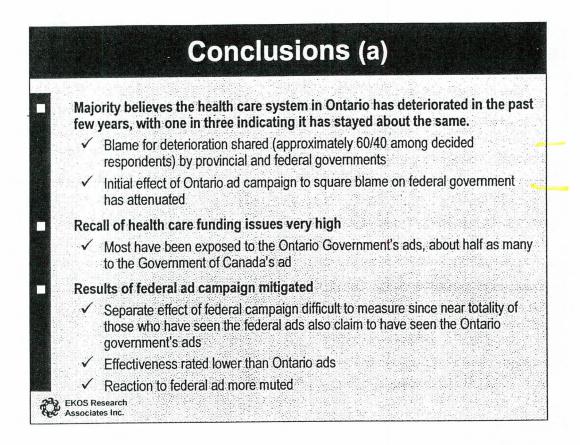


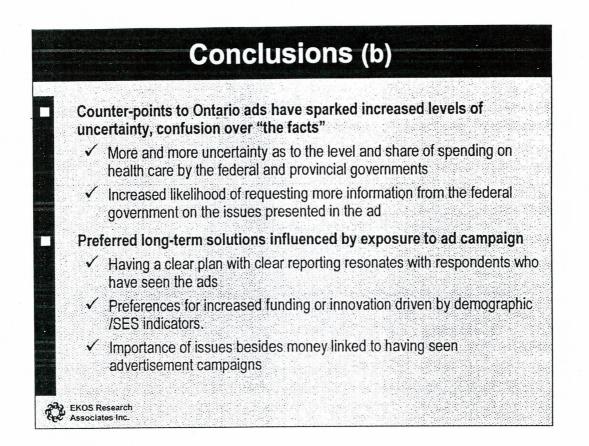
- Respondents who have been exposed to either ad campaign are more likely to endorse the clear plan and reporting strategy. Nearly one in two select that option as the best long-term solution for fixing the health care system. Those who have seen both the Ontario Government and the Government of Canada ads select increased investment and innovation as the second most popular option, over increased funding to the existing health care system.
- Respondents who have seen neither ad campaign are polarized in their opinion as to the best long-term solution for the health care system. Compared to the respondents with some exposure to the ad campaigns, they lean more towards increasing funding to the existing health care system. The idea of a clear plan with clear reporting does not resonate with the same salience as it does with respondents who have been exposed to the ad campaigns.

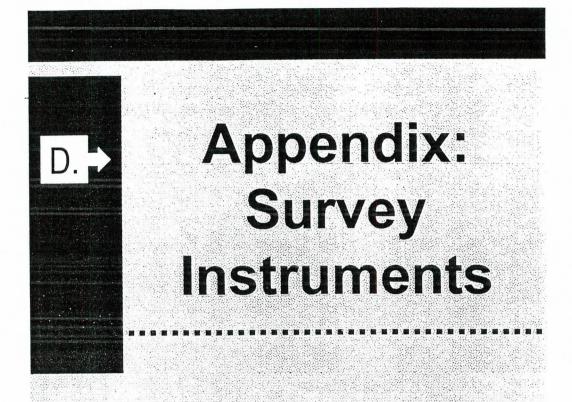


- □ A strong majority of respondents, nearly seven in ten, support the idea that money alone is not the solution to securing health care for the future. Nearly six in 10 say it doesn't matter which level of government pays for the public health care system. While we see that the response patterns have been fairly stable over the course of the advertisement campaigns, there is also evidence to show that respondents who had seen the ads are more likely to agree that money is not the lone solution.
- Respondents with a university-level education are least likely to be indifferent to which level of government that pays for the public health care system.
- Respondents with lower annual household incomes are less likely to agree that money alone is not the solution to securing the health care system for the future. As well, respondents with no exposure to either ad campaign are also less likely to agree that money alone is not the key to resolving the difficulties in the health care system.







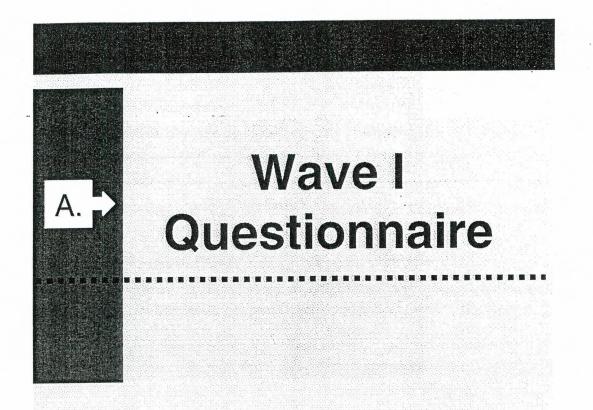


Explanatory Note

Attached survey instruments used to collect data presented in report

- ✓ Wave I questionnaire
 - > 800 interviews (randomly selected Ontario households)
 - > Fieldwork conducted March 30 April 2, 2000
 - > Baseline survey for subsequent tracking
- ✓ Waves II and III questionnaire
 - > 500 interviews (randomly selected Ontario households)
 - > Wave II fieldwork conducted May 2 May 4, 2000
 - > Wave III fieldwork conducted May 17 May 20, 2000
 - > Replicated key variables from Wave I and introduced new items

Ekos Research Associates Inc.



Hello, my name is...and I work for Ekos Research Associates. We are conducting a survey on behalf of the Government of Canada concerning the views of Ontario residents 18 years of age and older, on several important issues in the news today. The interview will take approximately 8 minutes and I think that you will find it interesting. All of your responses will be kept completely confidential. May I begin?

@intro 1- Continue, SHIFT + ? to terminate

*** DO NOT MENTION THAT IT IS A SURVEY ON HEALTH CARE FUNDING ***

INTRO

see screen	
Continue	1

ROT1

=> * if	IF((ROT1==0),TRC(RAN(1,2.99999999)),ROT	1)
rot for Q11		
federal		
provincial		
provincial		

SEX

DO NOT ASK	
Record gender of respondent	
Male	1
Female	2

lab

Q1A

4 Stayed the same	
5	,
6	
7 Greatly improved	1
DK/NR)

Q1B

=> +1 if	NOT Q1A=#1-#3	
	el of government, federal or provincial,	would you say is most
responsible	e for the deterioration?	
Federal		1
		0
DK/NR		9

Q2

IF YES, PROMPT FOR CLEAR OR VAGUE RECALL

Recently, the Government of Ontario and the Government of Canada have been talking about federal and provincial contributions to health care funding. Have you heard or seen anything about this?

Yes, clearly	1
Yes, vaguely	Z
No	
DK/NR	
DK/INK	

Q3

Q4A

=> Q6A if	NOT Q2=#1-#2		
READ LIST, SE	LECT ALL THAT APPLY		
Have you hear	rd or seen		
Rotation $=> 4$			
Government of	Ontario television ads	1	
Government of	Ontario insert delivered to your home	2	
Government of	Canada newspaper ad	3	
	(radio, television, newspaper)		
(DO NOT REAL	D) None of the above	5	Х
(DO NOT REAL	D) DK/NR	9	Х

Aab

=> +2 if NOT Q3=#1

Thinking about the message from the Government of Ontario, how useful would you say this information was? Please respond using a 7-point scale where 1 is not at all useful, 7 is extremely useful, and the mid-point 4 is moderately useful.

1 Not at all useful	1
2	
3	
4 Somewhat useful	
5	
6	6
7 Extremely useful	7
DK/NR	9

Q4B

Q5A

What impact would you say this message had on your overall view of the Government of Ontario? Please respond using a 7-point scale where 1 is extremely negative, 7 is extremely positive, and the mid-point 4 is neither negative or positive.

1 Extremely negative	1
2	2
3	
4 Neither	
5	
6	
7 Extremely positive	
DK/NR	9

500

=> +2 if NOT Q3=#3

Thinking about the message from the Government of Canada, how useful would you say this information was? Please respond using a 7-point scale where 1 is not at all useful, 7 is extremely useful, and the mid-point 4 is moderately useful.

1 Not at all useful	1
2	
3	
4 Somewhat useful	
5	5
6	
7 Extremely useful	7
DK/NR	

Q5B

What impact would you say this message had on your overall view of the Government of Canada? Please respond using a 7-point scale where 1 is extremely negative, 7 is extremely positive, and the mid-point 4 is neither negative or positive.

0 1	
1 Extremely negative	1
2	2
3	3
4 Neither	
5	5
6	6
7 Extremely positive	7
DK/NR	9

Broadly speaking, out of every health care dollar spent in Ontario, how many cents do you think are paid by:

The federal government: @q6a

The provincial government: @q6b

Other sources (e.g., private @q6c insurance plans, average citizens)

*** FOR EACH QUESTION, ENTER A NUMBER BETWEEN 0 AND 100, OR 999 FOR DK/NR***

*** NOTE: IN ORDER TO CONTINUE THE SURVEY, THE THREE RESPONSES MUST ADD UP TO 100, UNLESS AT LEAST ONE RESPONSE IS A DK/NR

Q6A

Federal government	
DK/NR	

Q6B

Provincial government	
DK/NR	

Q6C

O7A

Other sources (e.g.,	private insurance plans, average citizens)	
DK/NR		

Dab

.

babc

Rotation $=> Q7B$
Over the past three years, would you say that the share of Ontario's health
care contributions paid by the FEDERAL government has increased,
decreased, or stayed the same?
Increased1
Decreased2
Stayed the same
DK/NR9

Q7B

Over the past three years, would you say that the share of Ontario's health care contributions paid by the PROVINCIAL government has increased, decreased, or stayed the same?

Increased	1
Decreased	2
Stayed the same	3
DK/NR	9

Q8 ..

READ LIST

The Government of Ontario claims that the Government of Canada is only paying roughly 11 cents out of every dollar of annual health care costs in Ontario. The Government of Canada claims that it pays roughly 34 cents out of every dollar of annual health care costs in Ontario. Who do you mostly tend to believe?

Rotation => 2

Mostly the Government of Ontario	1
Mostly the Government of Canada	2
(DO NOT READ) Neither	3
(DO NOT READ) DK/NR	9

Q9

READ LIST

Thinking about long-term solutions for fixing the health care system, which of the following three would be the best solution for fixing the health care system?

Rotation => 3

Increased funding to the existing health care system	
Increased investment and innovation like homecare and community-based care	2
A clear plan with clear results reporting agreed upon by the federal and	
provincial governments	3
(DO NOT READ) DK/NR	9

PRQ10

10a-7e

For each of the following questions, please indicate your level of agreement by using a 7-point scale where 1 is totally disagree, 7 is totally agree, and the mid-point 4 is neither agree nor disagree.

Q10A

Rotation => Q10E

I don't really think it matters which level of government pays for the public health care system because it is all our tax dollars

1 Totally disagree	1
2	
3	
4 Neither	4
5	5
6	6
7 Totally agree	7
DK/NR	9

Q10B

I think that it is important for governments to make clear information available about health care, even if that means using tax dollars to buy advertisements

1 Totally disagree	1
2	2
3	
4 Neither	
5	
6	
7 Totally agree	
DK/NR	

Q10C

The health care system is in crisis	
1 Totally disagree	1
2	2
3	3
4 Neither	4
5	
6	
7 Totally agree	7
7 Totally agree DK/NR	9
DR/INR	

Q10D

The federal government's contribution to Ontario's health care funding has decreased substantially

1 Totally disagree	
, .	0
2	-
3	
4 Neither	4
5	
	(
6	
7 Totally agree	7
DK/NR	
DIN/INIX	

Q10E

Money alone is not the solution to securing the health care syst	em for the
future	
1 Totally disagree	1
2	2
3	3
4 Neither	4
5	5
6	6
7 Totally agree	7
DK/NR	

Q11

STATS

Now I have a few more questions to be used for statistical purposes only.

HOUSE

12

Which of the following types best describes your current household? ** IF	
THEY SAY THEY ARE LIVING WITH THEIR PARENT(S) THEN THE	
HOUSEHOLD IS EITHER 02 (ONE ADULT WITH CHILD/CHILDREN)	
OR 04 (MARRIED OR COMMON-LAW COUPLE, WITH CHILDREN)	
One person, living alone01	
One adult with child/children02	
A married or common-law couple, without children03	
A married or common-law couple, with children04	
Two or more unrelated persons05	
Living with relatives other than parents06	
More than one adult with child/children07	
Other (please specify)	
DK/NR	

0

EDUC

3	What is the highest level of schooling that you have completed?	
5	Public/Elementary school or less (grade 1-8)	01
	Some high school	02
	Graduated from high school (grade 12-13)	03
	Vocational/Technical college or CEGEP	
	Trade certification	
	Some university	06
	Bachelor's degree	
	Professional certification	
	Graduate degree	09
	DK/NA	

EMPLO

14

Which of the following categories best describes your CURRENT	
employment status?	
Self-employed	
Employed full-time	
Emplöyed part-time03	
Seasonal employment	
Term/casual employment05	
Unemployed	
Unemployed	
Retired	
Homemaker	
Disability / sick leave	
Maternity / paternal leave	
Other (please specify))
DK/NR	

HLTH

15

16

17

Are you or anyone in your household employed in the health care field, either directly or indirectly?

Yes	1
No	
DK/NR	9

AGE

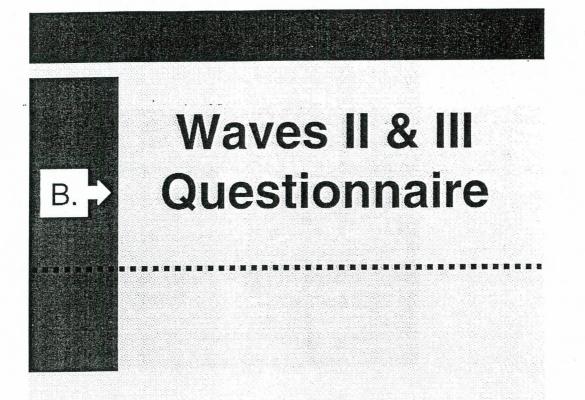
READ CATEGORIES IF NECESSARY	
What is your age, please?	
Under 25	01
25-34 years	02
35-44 years	03
45-54 years	04
55-64 years	05
65 years or older	
(DO NOT READ) DK/NR	

INCOM

What is your annual HOUSEHOLD income from all sources bef	ore taxes?
<\$20,000	
\$20,000-\$39,999	
\$40,000-\$59,999	
\$60,000-\$79,999	
\$80,000 or more	
DK/NR	

THNK

End of Interview	
Thank you for your cooperation and time!	
Completion1	D



Ontario Health Care Ad Testing 1

Hello, my name is...and I work for Ekos Research Associates. We are conducting a survey on behalf of the Government of Canada concerning the views of Ontario residents 18 years of age and older, on several important issues in the news today. The interview will take approximately 8 minutes and I think that you will find it interesting. All of your responses will be kept completely confidential. May I begin?

@intro 1- Continue, SHIFT + ? to terminate

*** DO NOT MENTION THAT IT IS A SURVEY ON HEALTH CARE FUNDING ***

INTRO

see screen	
Continue	1

ROT1

=> * if	IF((ROT1==0),TRC(RAN(1,2.99999999)),ROT1)	
rot for Q9		
federal		1
provincial		2

SEX

DO NOT ASK	
Record gender of respondent	
Male	1
Female	2

Q1A

lab

In your opinion, has the quality of health care in Canada over the past two years deteriorated, improved, or stayed the same? Please respond using a 7-point scale where 1 means greatly deteriorated, 7 means greatly improved, and the mid-point 4 means stayed the same.

1 Greatly deteriorated	1
2	2
3	
4 Stayed the same	
5	
6	6
7 Greatly improved	7
DK/NR	
,	

Ontario Health Care Ad Testing 2

Q1B

=> +1 if	NOT Q1A=#1-#3	
Which lev	el of government, federal or provincial, w	ould you say is most
	e for the deterioration?	
Federal		1
Provincial	•	2
DK/NR		9

Q2

IF YES, PROMPT FOR CLEAR OR VAGUE RECALL

Recently, the Government of Ontario and the Government of Canada have been talking about federal and provincial contributions to health care funding. Have you heard or seen anything about this?

Yes, clearly	1
Yes, vaguely	
No	
DK/NR	9

Q3

=> Q6A if	NOT Q2=#1-#2		
READ LIST, SE	LECT ALL THAT APPLY		
Have you hea	rd or seen		
Rotation $=> 4$			
Government of	Ontario television ads	1	
	Ontario newspaper ads		
Government of	Canada television ad	3	
Government of	Canada newspaper ad	4	
	D) None of the above		Х
DO NOT REA	D) DK/NR	9	Х
(<i>,</i> .		

Q4

=> +1 if NOT Q3=#1

2	∠
3	3
4 Somewhat effective	
5	_
6	
7 Extremely effective	
DK/NR	9

Q5

=> +1 if NOT Q3=#3

Thinking about the Government of Canada's television ad, how effective would you say it is? Please respond using a 7-point scale where 1 is not at all effective, 7 is extremely effectives, and the mid-point 4 is moderately effective.

I Not at all effective	
2	
3	
4 Somewhat effective	
5	5
6	6
7 Extremely effective	7
DK/NR	9

bab

Q6A

Over the past three years, would you say that the share of Ontario's health care contributions paid by the FEDERAL government has increased, decreased, or stayed the same?

, , ,	
Increased	1
Decreased	
Stayed the same	3
DK/NR	

Q6B

Over the past three years, would you say that the share of Ontario's health care contributions paid by the PROVINCIAL government has increased, decreased, or stayed the same?

Q7

READ LIST

Thinking about long-term solutions for fixing the health care system, which of the following three would be the best solution for fixing the health care system?

Rotation => 3	
Increased funding to the existing health care system	.1
Increased investment and innovation like homecare and community-based care	.2
A clear plan with clear results reporting agreed upon by the federal and	
provincial governments	.3
(DO NOT READ) DK/NR	

Jab

PRQ8

For each of the following questions, please indicate your level of agreement by using a 7-point scale where 1 is totally disagree, 7 is totally agree, and the mid-point 4 is neither agree nor disagree.

Q8A

Rotation => Q8B	
The health care system is in crisis	
1 Totally disagree	 1
2	 2
3	 3
4 Neither	 4
5	 5
6	
7 Totally agree	
DK/NR	 9

Q8B

Money alone is not the solution to securing the health care system for the future

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
7

Q9

Sucher offeren	
Oppose	2
Support	
Strongly support	
DK/NR	

STATS

Now I have a few more questions to be used for statistical purposes only.

HOUSE

Which of the following types best describes your current househ	iold? ** IF	
THEY SAY THEY ARE LIVING WITH THEIR PARENT(S) TH	HEN THE	
HOUSEHOLD IS EITHER 02 (ONE ADULT WITH CHILD/CH	IILDREN)	
OR 04 (MARRIED OR COMMON-LAW COUPLE, WITH CHILD	REN)	
One person, living alone		
One adult with child/children		
A married or common-law couple, without children	03	
A married or common-law couple, with children		
Two or more unrelated persons		
Living with relatives other than parents		
More than one adult with child/children		
Other (please specify)		0
DK/NR		

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EDUC

11

What is the highest level of schooling that you have completed?	
Public/Elementary school or less (grade 1-8)	01
Some high school	
Graduated from high school (grade 12-13)	
Vocational/Technical college or CEGEP	
Trade certification	
Some university	
Bachelor's degree	
Professional certification	
Graduate degree	
DK/NA	90
DK/ NA	

EMPLO

Which of the following categories best describes your CURRENT	
employment status?	
Self-employed01	
Employed full-time02	
Employed part-time03	
Seasonal employment04	
Term/casual employment05	
Unemployed06	
Student07	
Retired	
Homemaker09	
Disability / sick leave10	
Maternity / paternal leave	
Other (please specify)	0
DK/NR	

HLTH

13

14

Are you or anyone in your he	ousehold emp	loyed in the he	alth care field,
either directly or indirectly?			
Yes			1
No			2

DK/NR......9

AGE

01
02
03
04
05
06

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INCOM

.

What is your annual HOUSEHOLD income fr	om all sources before taxes?
5 <\$20,000	1
\$20,000-\$39,999	
\$40,000-\$59,999	
\$60,000-\$79,999	4
\$80,000 or more	
DK/NR	0

THNK

End of Interview	
Thank you for your cooperation and time!	_
Completion1	D

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